## **SECTION I: SCENARIO OVERVIEW**

Scenario Title: Gender Dys	Gender Dysphoria			
Original Scenario	James Donovan DNP, MSN, RN CNL			
Developer(s):	Adapted from Cultural Competency Training for Healthcare			
	Providers in Caring for LGBTIQQ Patients administered by Bill			
	Blackburn and Austin Nation.			
Date - original scenario	6/7/2014			
Validation:	7/28/2014			
Revision Dates:	9/14/2014, 12/1/2018			
Pilot testing:	9/20/2014			

Estimated Scenario Time: 15 minutes

Estimated Debriefing time: 30 minutes

<u>Target group:</u> Nursing Learners seeking knowledge on transgender cultural competence.

Competencies: Patient-Centered Care

# **Brief Summary of Cases:**

An 18-years-old born-female individual comes in to the student health clinic in obvious distress saying that zir family has kicked zir out of the house because ze told them that ze feels ze is a boy.

\*\*Note the gender-neutral pronouns Ze and Zir are being used in this simulation. This patient is experiencing gender dysphoria and is not identifying gender preference.

## **EVIDENCE BASE / REFERENCES**

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## **SECTION II: CURRICULUM INTEGRATION**

## A. SCENARIO LEARNING OBJECTIVES

# **Learning Outcomes**

- Provide professional nursing dialog that is supportive to all patients, including transgender patients.
- Defend the need for obtaining birth sex and gender identity patient information.
- Demonstrate cultural sensitivity toward the transgender patient population.
- Differentiate between patient anxiety and a mental health emergency.

# **Specific Learning Objectives**

- Demonstrate ability to listen actively.
- Demonstrate verbal and non-verbal cultural sensitivity during patient interactions.
- Correctly assess if the patient is considering harm to zirself or to others.
- Demonstrate ability and willingness to provide therapeutic nursing support to a patient in emotional distress.

emotional distress.
Critical Learner Actions
- Determine the patient's preferred name and pronoun.
- Determine if the patient's presentation is consistent with a mental health emergency.
- Be supportive to the patient by offering community services referrals and/or consulting with a social worker services.
-

# **B. PRE-SCENARIO LEARNER ACTIVITIES**

Prerequisite Competencies
Required prior to participating in scenario

Knowledge	Skills/Attitudes
-Integrate understanding of multiple dimensions of patient centered care:  - Information, communication & education - Physical comfort and emotional support - Coordination and integration of care - Transition and continuity -Examine nursing roles in assuring coordination, integration, and continuity of care.	<ul> <li>Elicit patient values, preferences and expressed needs as part of clinical interview, implementation of care plan and evaluations of care.</li> <li>Value seeing health care situations "through patients' eyes"</li> <li>Respect and encourage individual expression of patient values, preferences and expressed needs.</li> <li>Communicate patient values, preferences and expressed needs to other members of the health care team.</li> <li>Provide patient-centered care with competence and respect for the diversity of human experience.</li> <li>Value the patient's expertise with own health and symptoms.</li> <li>Recognize personally held attitudes about working with patients from different ethnic, cultural and social backgrounds.</li> <li>Willing support patient-centered care for individuals and groups whose values differ from own.</li> <li>Participate in building consensus or resolving conflict in the context of patient care.</li> <li>Communicate care provided and needed at each transition in care.</li> <li>Assess levels of physical and emotional comfort.</li> </ul>

## **SECTION III: SCENARIO SCRIPT**

## A. Case summary

An 18-year-old student, born female arrives at the University Student health clinic. The patient is in emotional distress stating that ze was just kicked out of zir house by zir parents. The patient states that ze finally told zir parents that ze feels like ze is a man inside a woman's body. Ze has been feeling this way for many years. The patient is a freshman in college and has not told anyone else about zir feelings. Ze presents short hair and baggy gender-neutral clothing. Ze states that ze needs help and does not know what to do or whom ze can talk to. "I feel like I am going crazy."

# **B.** Key contextual details

The nurse (learner) must illicit information to determine if the patient is likely to harm zirself. The nurse should then proceed to address the patient's psychosocial and safety needs.

C. Scenario Cast							
Leader/Others	□ High fidelity simulator						
	□ Mid-level simulator						
	□ Task trainer						
	☐ Hybrid (Blended simulator)	□ Hybrid (Blended simulator)					
	X Standardized patient						
Role	Brief Descriptor	Actor/Confederate (A/C)					
	(Optional)	or Learner (L)					
Sarah	Patient	Actor					
Nurse	Clinic nurse	Learner					
Nurse Practitioner	Clinic nurse practitioner	Actor					

# **Environment, Equipment, Essential props**

Recommend standardized set ups for each commonly simulated environment

# 1. Scenario setting: (example: office, board room, patient room,)

The patient is sitting in a treatment room within a university nurse run health clinic. The nurse enters the room and sits down in an adjacent chair.

2.	2. Equipment, supplies, monitors					
	Table/Desk		Patient Chart		Pen	Chairs x 2
	Intake Form (Appendix A) if needed					

# Case Flow / Trigger / Scenario Development States

Initiation of Scenario: The scenario begins in a fictional university student health center. The patient's vital signs have been already been taken by the nursing aide (see Appendix A). The patient is sitting in the treatment room with the assigned nurse (learner). The scene begins with the nurse asking the patient, "What brings you to the clinic today?"

The nurse (learner) was given the patient's chart from the health aide who obtained vital signs and demographic information (see Appendix A).

The nurse (learner) will be provided the following information: "Sarah has come to the university health clinic in emotional distress. Identify the reason for the patient's distress and provide therapeutic nursing care. Provide a brief summary, at the end of the simulation, as if you were reporting to an NP about your patient. No physical assessment of the standardized patient is required for completing this simulation, however the patient should be assessed for any risks/concerns."

Scenario 3: Supporting a Patient Experiencing Gender Dysphoria

Participant Status: Desired Learner Action and Trigger to Move to Next State					
Participant Status	Triggers	Learner Actions	Debriefing Points		
Sarah (actor) tells the	Sarah is very emotional,	Be an empathic active	Provide feedback on the		
nurse (learner) that ze	crying and anxious. Ze	listener that is	learner's verbal and		
was just kicked out of zir	states that ze does not	supportive and non-	nonverbal		
parent's home because	know what to do and has	judgmental.	communication.		
ze told zir parents that	nowhere to go.	The nurse should ask			
ze feels that zir gender		how the patient would			
identity is different than		like to be addressed and			
zir birth sex.		what pronouns ze would			
		like used during this			
		clinic visit.			
Participant Status: Desired	Learner Action and Trigge	r to Move to Next State			
Participant Status	Triggers	Learner Actions	Debriefing Points		
Sarah is too upset to	Sarah says ze wished ze	Assess Sarah for suicidal	Transgender individuals		
fully answer the nurse's	had not told zir parents	thoughts or the risk to do	who have been rejected		
question about preferred	and wants to have	harm to others.	by family and friends		
gender and says to just	everything go back the		are at much higher risk		
call zir Sarah. Ze	way it was before ze		(ten times higher) for		
continues to dialog with	told them. Ze states zir		Suicide.		
the clinic nurse.	life is over.				

Participant Status: Desired Learner Action and Trigger to Move to Next State					
Triggers	Learner Actions	Debriefing Points			
Sarah says that I have no	Provide resources to	Provide supportive			
place to go and no	Sarah and/or contact	services, but do not make			
money for food.	case management	promises that are out of			
	/social worker for further	the nurse's control. What			
	assistance. Focus on	supportive services are			
	patient's most	available in your			
	immediate psychosocial	community?			
	and safety needs.				
	Triggers Sarah says that I have no place to go and no	Triggers  Sarah says that I have no place to go and no Sarah and/or contact case management /social worker for further assistance. Focus on patient's most immediate psychosocial			

Scenario 3: Supporting a Patient Experiencing Gender Dysphoria

Participant Status: Desired Learner Action and Trigger to Move to Next State				
Participant Status	Triggers	Learner Actions	Debriefing Points	
Sarah continues to	Patient feeling	Provide assurance to the	What efforts should be	
dialog with the nurse.	vulnerable.	patient that ze will be	taken to provide	
		treated with compassion	culturally sensitive	
		and respect during zir	nursing care during this	
		clinic visit.	clinic visit?	

Scenario End Point: The scenario ends when the nurse gives report to the nurse practitioner.

Suggestions to decrease complexity:

- Patient has a support system of close friends that ze can stay with that are accepting of zir desire to change zir gender.

Suggestions to increase complexity:

- Patient presents with suicidal ideation.
- Patient has cut marks on zir arms.
- Patient is 17 years old or younger.

**APPENDIX:** \*\*A

First Name: Sarah

Date of Birth: 10/22/20\*\*

# University Health Clinic A Nurse Practitioner Primary Care Clinic

Intake Form Completed by Nursing Aide

Street Address: 345 Blue Moon Lane

Last Name: Johnson

Blood Pressure: 136/88	Pulse: 98	RR: 14	<b>Temp 32.0 C</b>
$S_{\alpha}\Omega_{\alpha}^{2}$ , 1000/	Allowaica, NIZDA	Madiaations	. Nama

**Allergies: NKDA Medications: None** SaO2: 100%

Middle Name: L

City: Springfield		State	State: California		Zip: 9	94112		
					Emai	I		
Home Phone	415-77	7-1124		Cell F	hone 415	5-987-8522	SLJ@	university.edu
Marital Status	S:							
Single XXX	<u>~</u>	Marrie	ed	Separa	ited	Domestic Partner		
								_
	Fullti	me						
Occupation:	Stude	nt						
			T		ı			1
Birth Sex:	Male		Female		Other:			
Does gender i	dentity		birth sex:	<u>'</u>				
Yes		No						
Additional Inf								
Additional ini	ormatic	on:						
What is the reason for the patient's visit?								
Patient is								
emotionally			-					
			distrau	ıgnı				

APPENDIX: \*\*B

# **DEBRIEFING GUIDE**

General Debriefing Plan					
☐Individual	Group	With Vide	eo Without Video		
	Debrie	fing Materials			
Debriefing Guide	Objectives	Debriefing Po	oints Core		
Co	ore Competencies to c	onsider for debri	efing scenarios		
Leadership	Communi	cation	Evidence-based Practice		
Human Factors	Team Wor	k (if applicable)	Systems Utilization		
	Sample Que	stions for Debrief	fing		
<ol> <li>Did you have the knowledge and skills to meet the learning objectives of the scenario?</li> <li>What GAPS did you identify in your own knowledge base and/or preparation for the simulations experience?</li> <li>What relevant information was missing from the scenario that impacted your performance? What did your attempt to fill in the GAP?</li> <li>How would you handle the scenario differently if you could?</li> <li>In what ways did you perform well?</li> <li>What three factors were most significant that you will transfer to your practice setting?</li> </ol>					
Notes for future sessions:					

APPENDIX: \*\*C

# STORY BOARD

IDENTIFIED PROBLEM/SCENARIO TOPIC	CASE SUMMARY		
TRANSGENDER CULTURAL COMPETENCE	An 18-year-old student, born female arrives		
	at the University Student health clinic. The		
	patient is in emotional distress stating that		
HIGHLIGHTED QSEN COMP/NPS GOALS			
	parents. Ze says that ze finally told zir		
PATIENT-CENTERED CARE	parents that ze feels like ze is a man inside		
	a woman's body. The patient is a freshman		
	in college and has not told anyone else		
	about zir feelings. Ze states that ze needs		
	help and does not know what to do or		
	whom ze can talk to. The patient states, "I		
CORNADIO OD INCIENZAC	feel like I am going crazy."		
SCENARIO OBJECTIVES	CRITICAL PERFORMANCE ELEMENTS		
- Demonstrate ability to listen	- Determine the patient's preferred		
actively.	pronoun and name.		
- Demonstrate verbal and non-verba			
cultural competence during patien	•		
interactions.	mental health emergency.		
- Correctly assess if the patient is	- Be supportive to the patient by		
considering harm to zirself or to	offering community services and		
others.	referrals and/or social worker		
- Demonstrate ability and willingne	ss services.		
to provide therapeutic nursing			
support to a patient in emotional			
distress			
INITIATION OF SCENARIO	FIRST FRAME		
The scenario begins in a fictional	The patient is crying and in		
university student health center	emotional distress. The scene		
after the patient's vital signs have			
been taken. The university student	patient, "What brings you to the		
clinic nurse (learner) and the patient	clinic today?" Sarah (actor) tells		
are sitting in a chair in one of the	the nurse (learner) that ze was just		
1			
treatment rooms.	kicked out of zir parent's home		
	because ze told zir parents that ze		
	feels that zir gender identity is		
	different than zir birth sex.		
SECOND FRAME	THIRD FRAME		
The nurse must ask if the patient	Sarah says ze wished ze had not		

Scenario 3: Supporting a Patient Experiencing Gender Dysphoria

would like to be called a male/masculine name or pronoun. The patient says to please just call me Sarah	<b>→→</b>	told zir parents and wants to have everything go back the way it was before ze told them. Ze states zir life is over. Based on this statement, the nurse must assess the patient's mental health to determine if ze is at risk for suicide. Sarah admits that ze is upset but has no interest in hurting zirself at this time.	<b>→→</b>
FOURTH FRAME		SCENARIO END POINT	D
			_
Sarah says that I have no place to		The nurse gives a report to the	E
go and no money for food. The	$\rightarrow$	The nurse gives a report to the nurse practitioner in the clinic	_
1 -	$\rightarrow \rightarrow$	The nurse gives a report to the	E B
go and no money for food. The nurse must provide emotional support to the patient and address the patient's most immediate	<b>→→</b>	The nurse gives a report to the nurse practitioner in the clinic	E B R
go and no money for food. The nurse must provide emotional support to the patient and address the patient's most immediate psychosocial needs. The nurse	<b>→→</b>	The nurse gives a report to the nurse practitioner in the clinic	E B R I
go and no money for food. The nurse must provide emotional support to the patient and address the patient's most immediate psychosocial needs. The nurse should provide the patient referrals	<b>→→</b>	The nurse gives a report to the nurse practitioner in the clinic	E B R I
go and no money for food. The nurse must provide emotional support to the patient and address the patient's most immediate psychosocial needs. The nurse should provide the patient referrals to community services or contact a	<b>→→</b>	The nurse gives a report to the nurse practitioner in the clinic	E B R I
go and no money for food. The nurse must provide emotional support to the patient and address the patient's most immediate psychosocial needs. The nurse should provide the patient referrals	<b>→→</b>	The nurse gives a report to the nurse practitioner in the clinic	E B R I

Scenario 3: Supporting a Patient Experiencing Gender Dysphoria

APPENDIX: \*\*D

## **Health Information for the Actor Playing the Patient**

Patient Name: Sarah Johnson

**Age:** (consistent with the actor's age)

**DOB:** (fictional DOB)

Gender Identity: Born Female, but having gender dysphoria.

Chief Complain: My parents kicked me out because I told them I want to be a boy. Ze has felt

this way for many years but has never talked to anyone about it

**Hx of present illness:** "I finally got up the courage to tell my parents that I do not feel like a girl. I told them that I wanted to be a boy." The parents did not take this information well and kicked Sarah out of the house. Sarah is feeling ashamed for having zir feelings. Ze wishes ze could undo telling zir parents how ze feels. Sarah states, "I feel like I am going crazy." If the nurse asks about suicidal thoughts, deny thought of doing harm to yourself or to others. If asked about gender, Sarah will say I don't feel like a girl or a boy right now.

**Medications:** None **Allergies:** NKDA

**Social:** Denies tobacco, alcohol and non-prescribed drug use.

#### Past Hx:

**Childhood:** Broke zir arm when she was 12 falling off a horse. No congenital abnormalities or childhood diseases.

**Adult illnesses:** Denies DM, HTN, Hepatitis, or HIV (Last tested 2013)

**Surgeries:** Tonsillectomy at age 6.

Health maintenance: Has health insurance through zir parents. Rarely goes to a doctor.

**Personal/Social History:** Full time student at the University. She is not working and zir parents have been paying zir tuition to school. Sarah has relied of zir family for spending money. She does have a later model car that was a hand-me-down from zir family.

**Appearance:** Short haircut, baggy blue jeans and baggy t-shirt. Clothing is gender neutral in appearance. Emotional distraught, helpless and crying.

#### Additional notes:

- You do not know where you are going to sleep tonight.
- You do not know if you are going to be able to stay in school.
- You do not know where you are going to get your next meal.
- You do have friends, but they do not know about your interest to become a boy.
- You are scared.